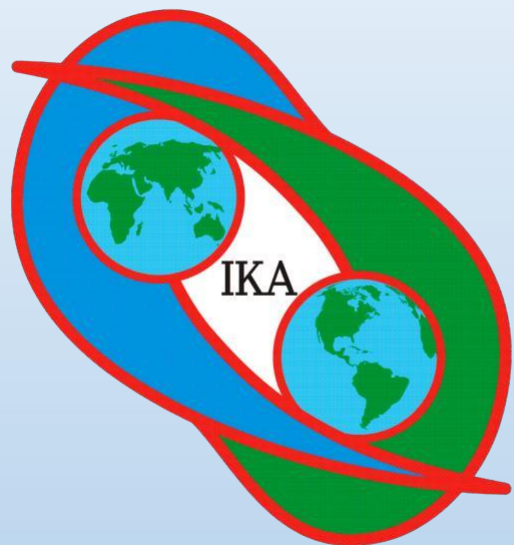


Manufacture Yakhtak Regulation



**Official Supplier of
International Kurash Association**

100% Cotton, shrinkage rate is within 3%

N a m e
Country Name .

The image displays a collection of Kurash gear. On the left is a full set consisting of a blue jacket with a red belt and white pants. In the center are two smaller jackets, one green and one blue, both with red belts. To the right is a blue t-shirt with a white label that says 'Country Name'. Below the t-shirt is a white rectangular box with a blue header containing the word 'Name' and a line for 'Country Name .'. A small IKA logo is visible in the top right corner of the gear advertisement.

Revised: 10th of January, 2022

IKA CONTACT

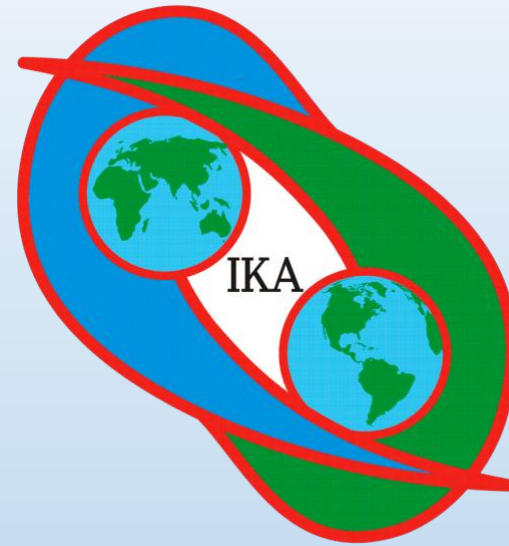
MR.REZA NASSIRI

IKA General Secretary

TEL:+989121126765

E-mail: kurashtd@gmail.com

Website: www.kurash-ika.org



IKA APPROVED LABORATORIES

SAM COH

TECHNICAL CONTACT: Mr.Seyed Hossein Makmoudi

Address: No1 Moniriteh SQ, Tehran, Iran

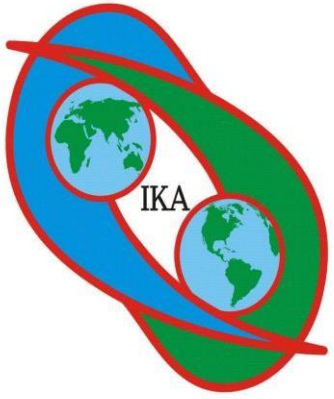
Factory: QOM Province

Phone: +989360936848

Email: info@samcoh.ir

Instagram: [@samcoh_co](https://www.instagram.com/samcoh_co)

Web-site: <http://samcoh.ir>



1. IKA OFFICIAL YAKHTAK

- International Kurash Association has established a system of technical approval for Yakhtak and belt which must be used during all IKA official events.
- All Yakhtak for IKA official events must conform to these requirements from 01 January 2022 and must be obligatory with the IKA rules & regulations or else it won't be allowed in competition.

Only equipment in conformity with IKA rules can be approved

- **CONDITIONS**

Only companies who have signed “**IKA official supplier agreement**” and who have got a certificate of conformity for their product from one of the IKA approved laboratories. To become an IKA official supplier, a company must contact IKA General Secretary for the registration procedure (info@kurash-ika.org)

- **CERTIFICATION**

If a company approved as an official supplier, it needs to produce Yakhtaks and belt in accordance with the rules to one of the official IKA testing laboratories for inspection and approval:

- One blue yakhtak (jacket and trousers), size 180
- One green yakhtak (jacket and trousers), size 180
- Two samples of the jacket's fabric, part above the belt (grain stitches):

Color: green and blue

Dimensions: lengths 1,5m, width – width of the roll of the fabric

- Two red belts (Lengths of the belt to be sent should be between 2,5m and 3m)

Only equipment in conformity with IKA rules can be approved

- **REFERENCE**

The brand and color numbers or/and the reference color number shall be distinctly visible on the jacket, trousers and belt

- **CONTROL**

All products during an IKA event which are controlled non-compliant will be the object of an investigation. If the supplier is recognized incorrect, a penalty going up to the withdrawal of the IKA agreement can be pronounced by the IKA Office. If it is the competitor or his team who are recognized incorrect, they will be sanctioned by the IKA Office.

2. GUIDELINE FOR YAKHTAK MANUFACTURES

The Yakhtak quality is essential so that the opponent executes his technique, it is compulsory that every Yakhtah is of **property identical**

2a Fabric material

2a(1) The fabric of Yakhtak must not be too thick, too rigid and too slippery for the opponent to take a grip.

2a(2) The fabric of Yakhtak must be cotton or cotton blend with more than 70% Cotton, and must have good hand-feeling. Blending components other than cotton (less than 30%) can be chemical fibers, such as Rayon, Nylon, Polyester, etc,

Note: The use of chemical fiber will increase the strength and reduce the weight of the fabric. On the other hand, too much use of chemical fibers makes the fabric less sweat-absorbing.

2a(3) The fabric must have an appropriate solidity. Therefore, weaker fabric must not be used intentionally.

2a(4) The fabric weight (after new and unused jacket is washed and dried) must be between 650g/m² and 750g/m². +5% tolerance is allowed.

2a(5) White trousers must have the color of cotton, that is, natural white or off-white/blue

2a(6) The official standard color for Yakhtak blue must be between Pantone number ???
And ????. On the textile Pantone scale and between ??? And ????.

2b) Fabric weave system

2b(1) The jacket of Yakhtak is composed of two parts, upper jacket part (approximately above the belt position) and lower jacket part (approximately below the belt position). Upper jacket part be Sashiko-weave fabric. (Sashiko is like grain stitches, please see next page)

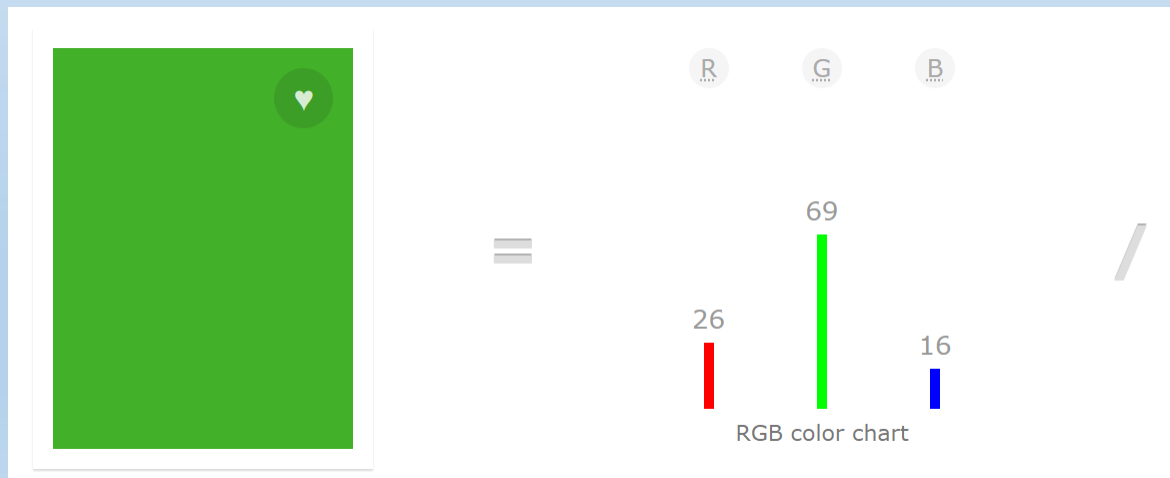
The lower jacket part must be light-weight and strong plain-weave or twill-weave fabric, which is combined with diamond patterned Sashiko weave. (See illustrations, Fig.11, Fig.12, Fig 13)

Note 1: Lower jacket (lower side) part needs lightness rather than strength, therefore, diamond-patterned fabric is generally used. (More yarns, heavier is the weight)

Note 2: Fabric face must be on the right face of Yakhtak and reverse use is not allowed.

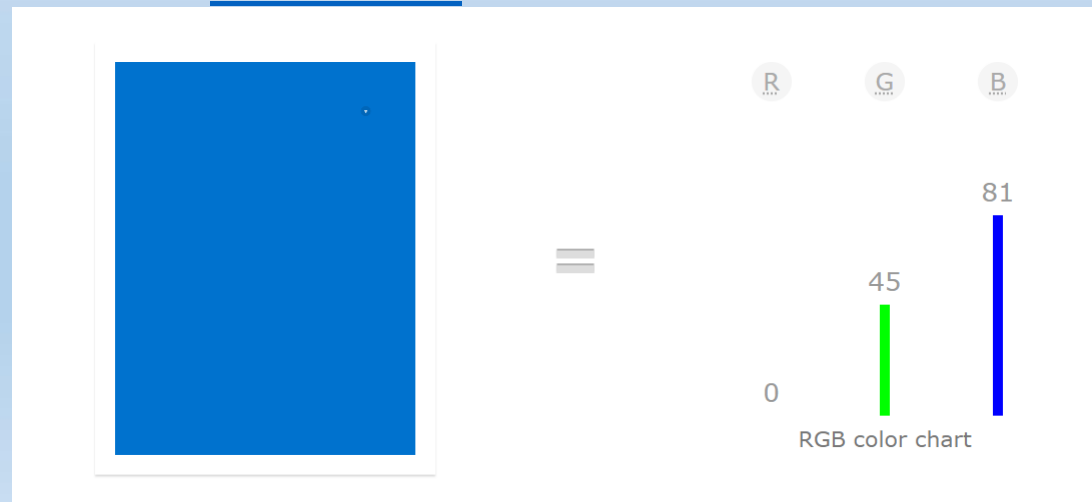
• #43b02a Color Information

- In a RGB color space, hex #43b02a is composed of 26.3% red, 69% green and 16.5% blue. Whereas in a CMYK color space, it is composed of 61.9% cyan, 0% magenta, 76.1% yellow and 31% black. It has a hue angle of 108.8 degrees, a saturation of 61.5% and a lightness of 42.7%. #43b02a color hex could be obtained by blending [#86ff54](#) with [#006100](#). Closest websafe color is: [#339933](#).



• #0072ce Color Information

- In a RGB color space, hex #0072ce is composed of 0% red, 44.7% green and 80.8% blue. Whereas in a CMYK color space, it is composed of 100% cyan, 44.7% magenta, 0% yellow and 19.2% black. It has a hue angle of 206.8 degrees, a saturation of 100% and a lightness of 40.4%. #0072ce color hex could be obtained by blending [#00e4ff](#) with [#00009d](#). Closest websafe color is: [#0066cc](#).



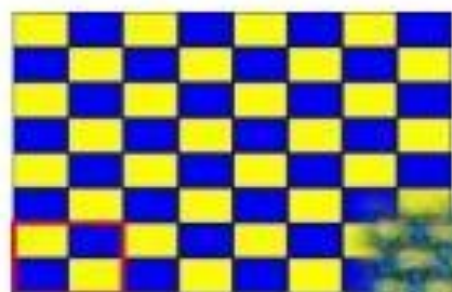


Float

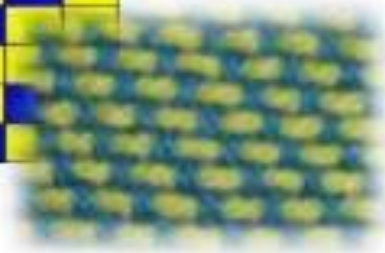
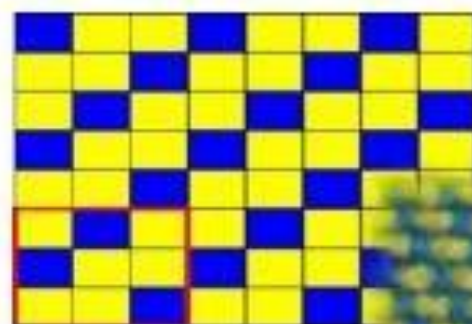


Textile

PLAIN WEAVE -FIG 2-



TWILL WEAVE -FIG 3-



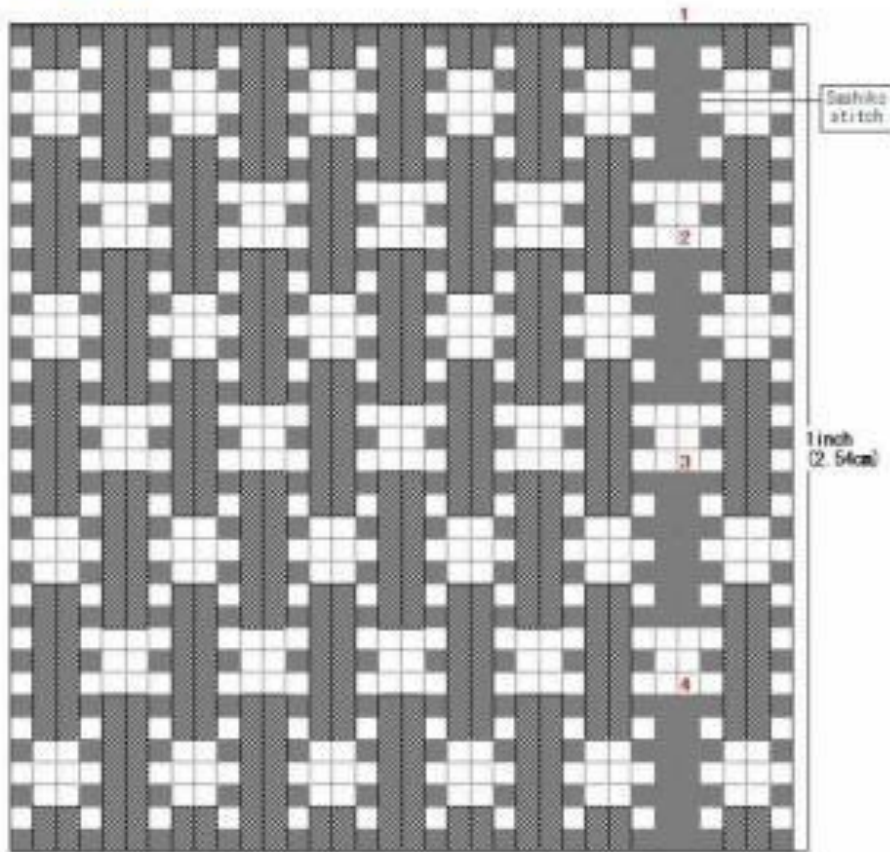
The red square above is just showing the repetitive weave system.

2b(2) Sashiko yarn direction must be horizontal when Yakhtak is placed vertically (when in use). Note: Horizontal Sashiko yarns increase the fabric strength against horizontal tensile force. When the direction is vertical, the fabric becomes slippery causing difficulty of handgrip.

2b(3) Upper jacket part must be double-woven Sashiko fabric having enough strength to resist a 2200N traction.

2b(4) Number of float of Sashiko yarn must be 3 to 5 per inch (inch=2,54) after washed and dried

SASHIKO
-FIG 4-



2b(5) New and unused product after washed and dried must be within the range bellow:

Sashiko yarn and basic fabric weave
(inch = 2,54 cm)

Yarns per inch (2.54 cm) for warp and weft (after washed and dried)

Sashiko Yarn (warp)
±5% Tolerated

Yarn count	Per inch
10-5 ply	18 to 25
20-12 ply	18 to 25
10-6 ply	18 to 25
20-10 ply	18 to 25

Ground warp Yarn
±5% Tolerated

Yarn count	Per inch
10-one ply	70 to 96
30 - 2 ply	65 to 88
10-2 ply	34 to 48
20-2 ply	70 to 96

Welt yarn
±5% Tolerated

Yarn count	Per inch
16 - 3 ply	63 to 84
20-3 ply	70 to 88
10-2 ply	56 to 80
10-4 ply	28 to 40

Out of all 3 groups, datas are independent from each other's" Sashiko Yarn", "Ground Warp yarn" and "Weft Yarn"



–FIG 5-

HOW TO CHECK THE NUMBER OF WARPS AND WEFTS?

1. Prepare a loupe for textile use by which yarns in 1 square inch can be observed. (left picture)
2. Count the number of warps per inch for the surface fabric.
3. Count the wefts after removing warp yarns and Sashiko yarns from the fabric.

2b(6) The fabric for trousers and jacket collar must be twill weave.

2c) Sewing specifications

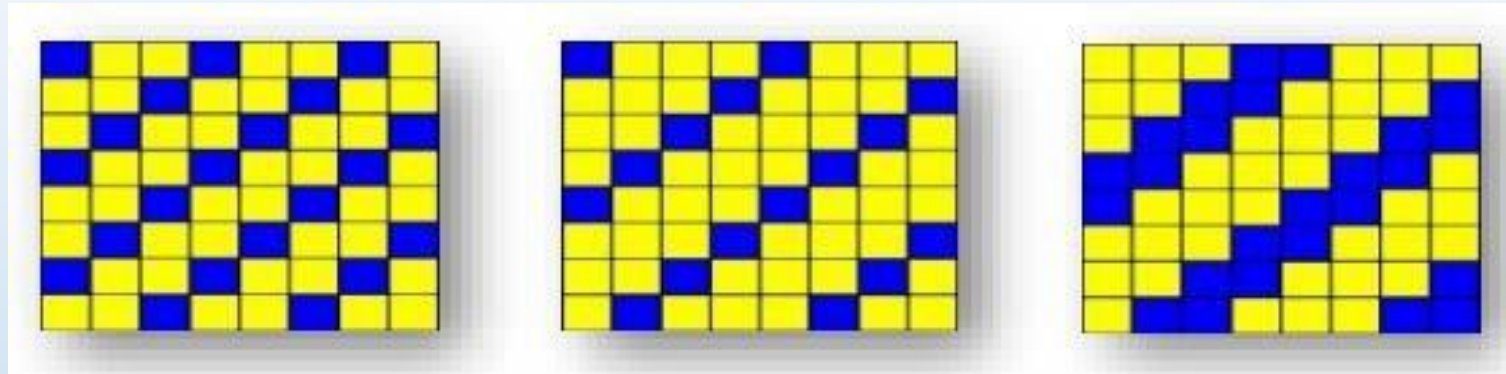
2c(1) Jacket

- Sashiko covering dimension must be in the range of 50 - 55% of the finished whole jacket length. Yakhtak for over 190 cm height, the range can be 45 - 55%.
- Sashiko part must not have sewing stitches other than at back joint, both side body, and both sleeves, except upper-lower joint. (See Fig.12, part D)
- Width of collar must be 4 cm. Collar must be sewn with 4-rows. (Fig.8)
- The color of inside-collar fabric must not be seen from outside.
- The collar thickness must be up to 1 cm except the part including sewn seam in case that sewn seam is placed in the jacket back and extended to the collar.
- Collar assembly which sandwiches body Sashiko fabric and chest pad fabric must be in accordance with the following points (2c(1)a, 2c(1)b, 2c(1)c, 2c(1)d). 2c(1)a Outer part of collar (essential part)
- Twill weave cotton or cotton blend with more than 70% cotton fabric must be used (chosen from the three types [below](#)):

-FIG 6- TWILL WEAVE 2.1

TWILL WEAVE 3.1

TWILL WEAVE 3.2



Yarn must be thinner than yarn count 10s. (2-ply yarn having equal resulting count can be used to increase strength.)

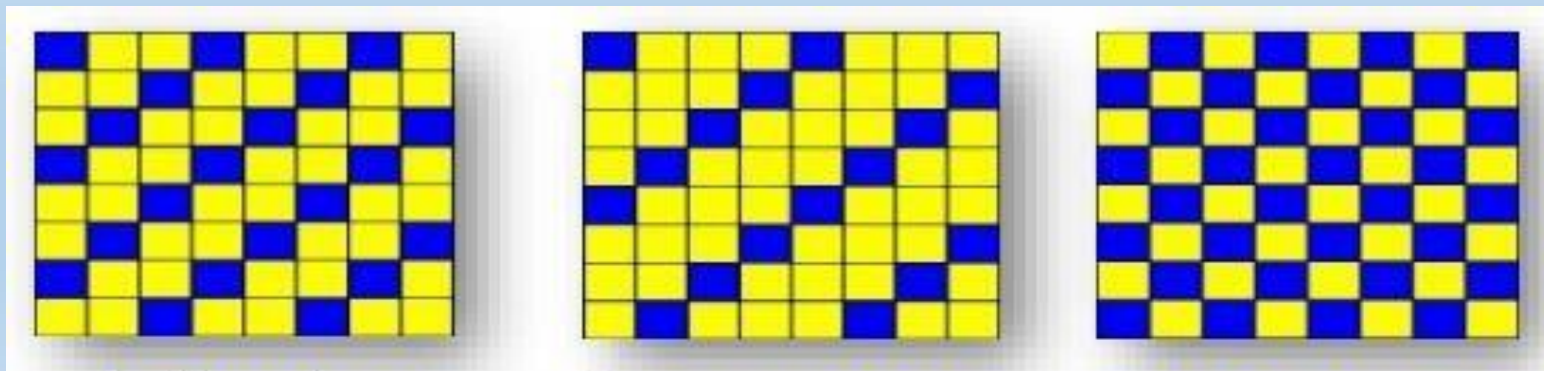
2c(1)b Reinforcement fabric for the collar (if used)

In the case of using reinforcement fabric for collar, cotton fabric with plain or twill weave.

-FIG 7- TWILL WEAVE 2.1

TWILL WEAVE 3.1

TWILL WEAVE 3.2



Yarn must be thinner than yarn count 10s.

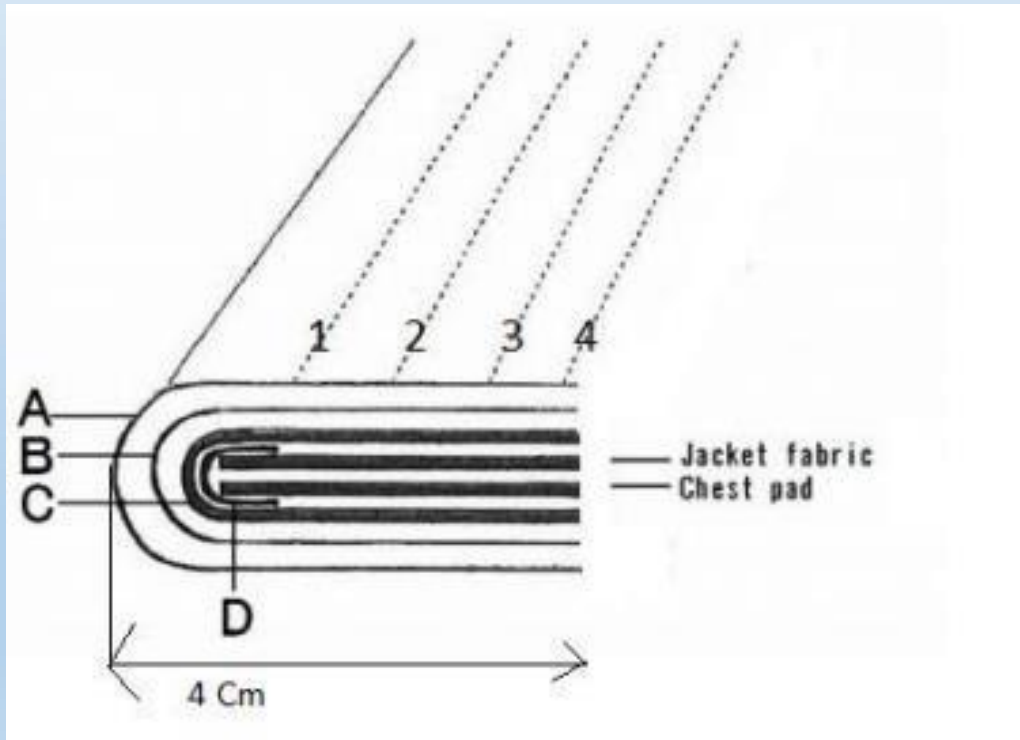
2c(1)c Main core material (essential part)

Main core material for collar must be one of the 4 materials, throstle spun yarn fabric (Garabo), non-woven fabric, felt, or diamond -patterned fabric.

2c(1)d Sub core material (if used)

In the case of using sub core material, use a material as specified in 2c(1)c.

FIG. 8 THE COLLAR:



Note: The purpose of specification above is to prevent collar from becoming too hard to grip by setting the upper limit on the collar thickness.

HOW TO CHECK THE HARDNESS OF THE COLLAR (AFTER WASHED AND DRIED)

1 Fold the collar, at the chest pad inserted part, into two and place

Note: At this time, do not touch around the folding axis to avoid any pressing force.

2. The height (width) of collar folded into two must be within 3,5cm.

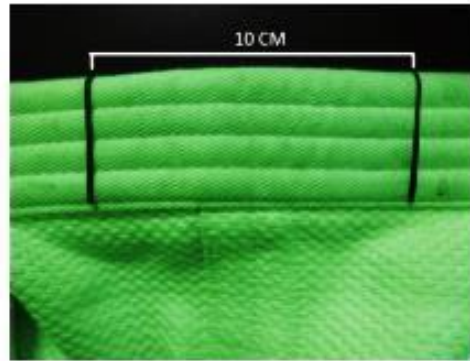


FIG. 9 A

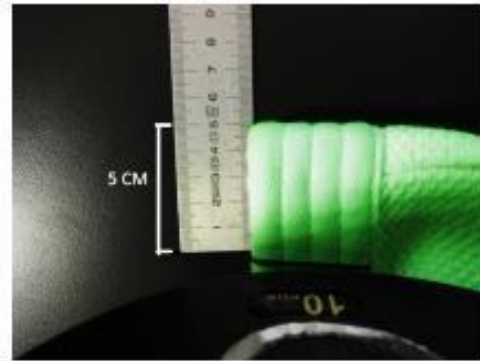


FIG. 9 B

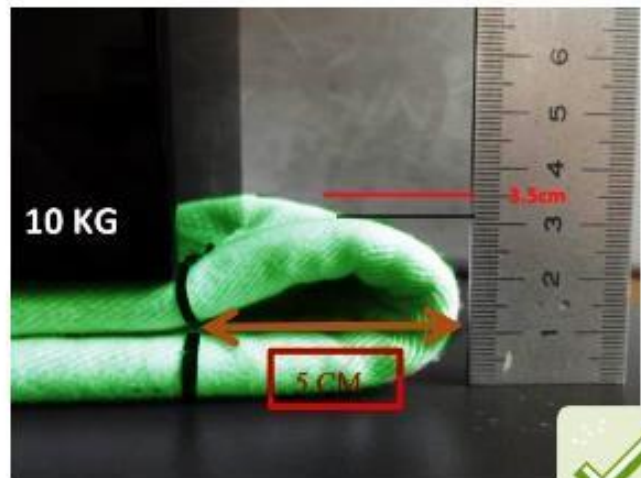


FIG. 10



- A cuff on a sleeve (turn-back of sleeve edge) must be within 3 cm wide except raised part.(Fig. 11, part C) • Lower side of both sleeves must be sewn by rolled seam. (Fig. 11, part G)
- Reinforcement tape for jacket sleeve edge, trouser leg edge, and seaming part of upper and lower panel of jacket and some other parts must be thin cotton plain or twill weave, within 3cm wide, and use up to 3-row stitching.
- In the case of back-center seaming, the seam width must be within 3 cm. (Fig. 12, part B). **Any reinforcement fabric cannot be used for the back seaming.**
- Overlock stitch for fabric raw edge is allowed to prevent fray.
- Use of reinforcement pad on the back side is allowed for 3 places: shoulder, chest and armpit (only one fabric thickness for each place).

2c(1)d(1) Shoulder pad

Up to 5-row machine-stitching must be used. The vertical length of the pad must be within about 1/3 of upper back body length in front and back. The pad material must be the same Sashiko fabric as jacket fabric. (Fig. 12, part C)

2c(1)d(2) Chest pad

■ Chest pad must be half oval-shaped and be attached from the base of the shoulder pad along the collar using up to 5-row stitch. The width of the chest pad must be approximately $\frac{1}{4}$ of the jacket back-body width. (Measurement based on back-hip joint width). Excessively wide pad is not allowed. (Fig.11, part D) Pad material must be the same fabric as jacket fabric. Overlapping of shoulder pad and chest pad must be within 5cm inside the jacket.

2c(1)d(3) Armpit pad

Armpit pad must be oval-shaped and be attached using 5-row to 8-row stitch. Pad material must be the same fabric as jacket fabric, plain weave, or twill weave. (Fig. 11, part E)

■ Both side slit-ends are to be sewn with covering fabric. The length of side slit must be $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ of the lower jacket part length (Fig. 13). A reinforcement fabric for above slit-ends is allowed within the size of 100 cm².

Note: Both side slits of jacket make Kurash movement easier. (Only one slit in the center-back is not allowed.) If slit is longer than $\frac{1}{2}$ of the lower jacket part length, it will cause dishevelment.

FIG. 11 (FRONT BODY OF YAKHTAK JACKET)

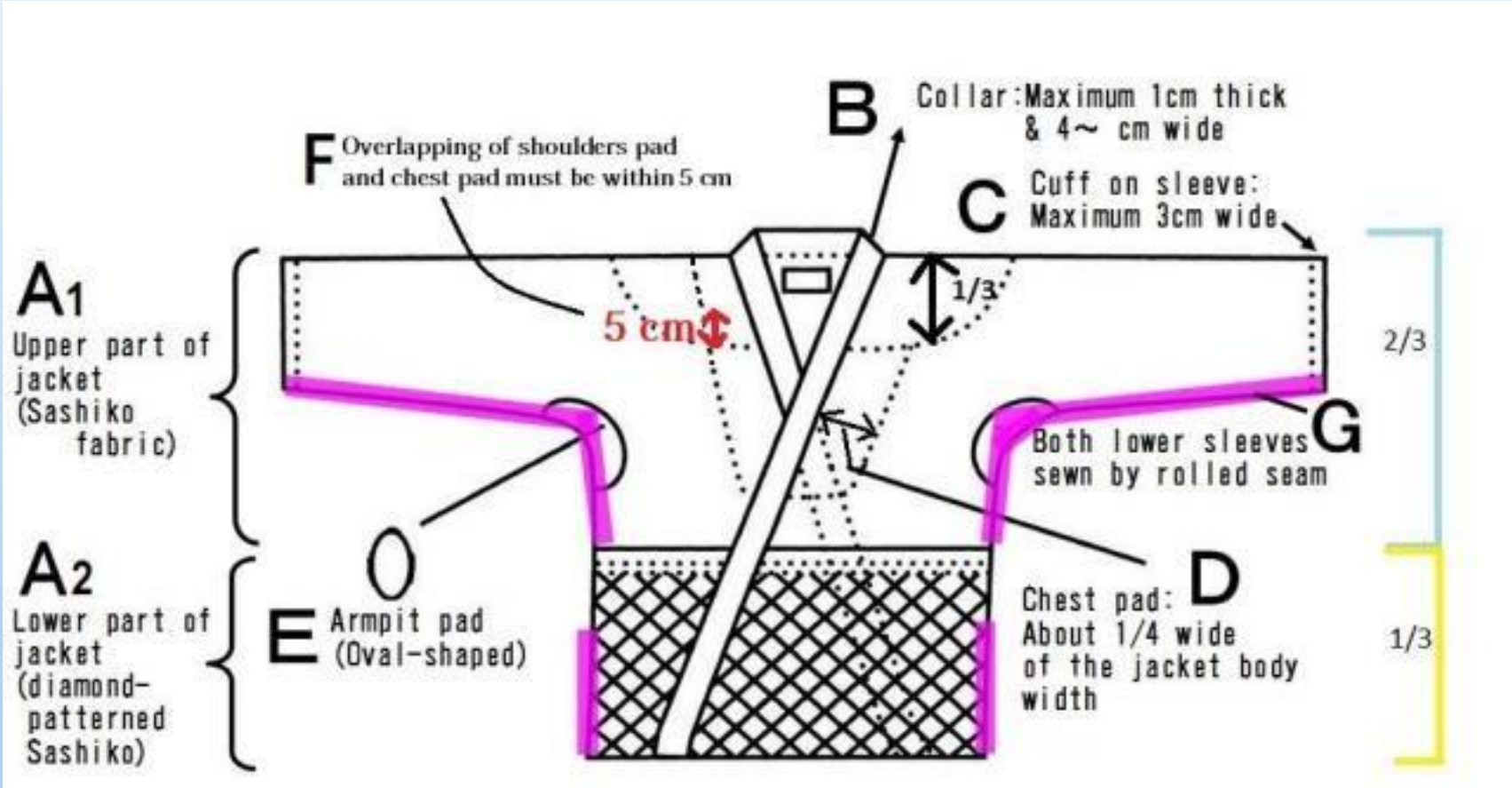


FIG. 12 (BACK BODY OF YAKHTAK JACKET))

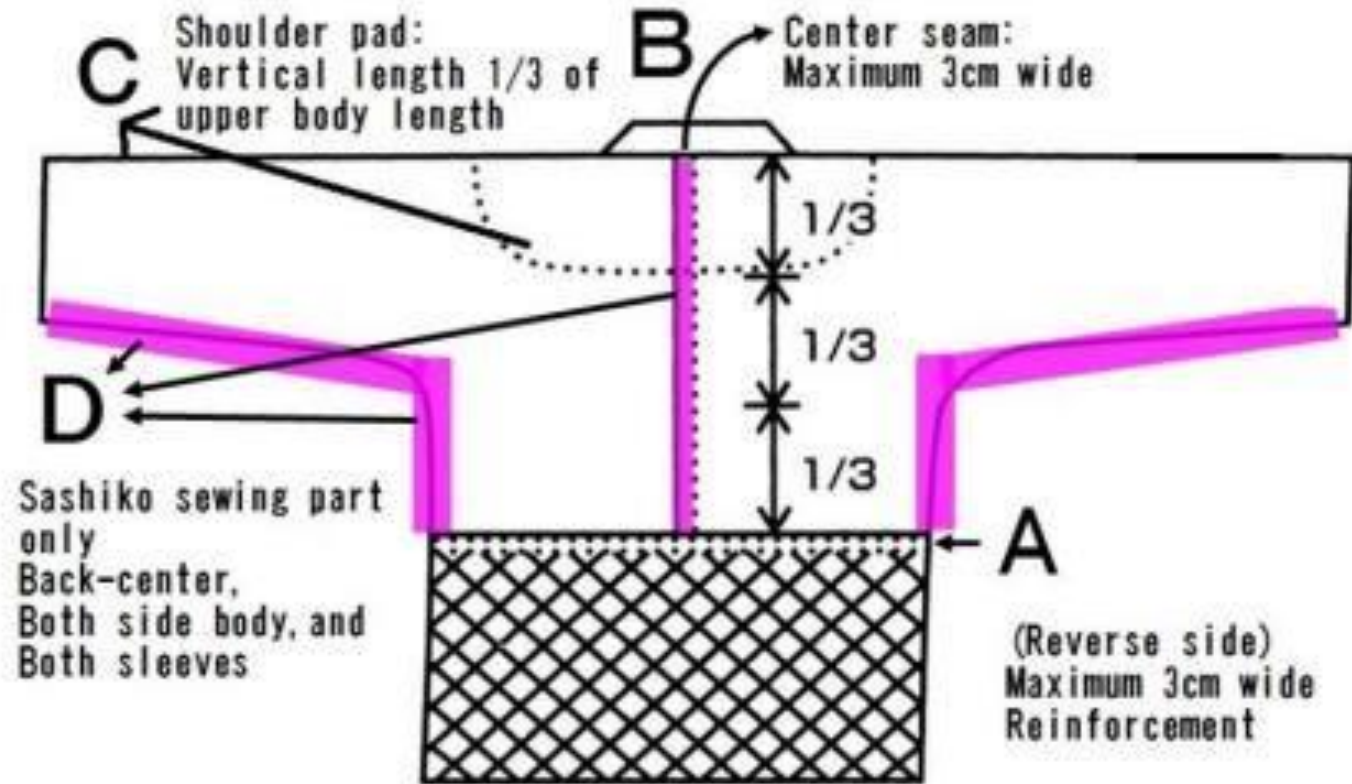


FIG. 13 THE HEIGHT OF THE SLIT ENDS (SIDE OF THE JACKET) HAS TO 1/3 TO 1/2 OF THE LOWER PART OF THE JACKET (FIG 11 PART A2)

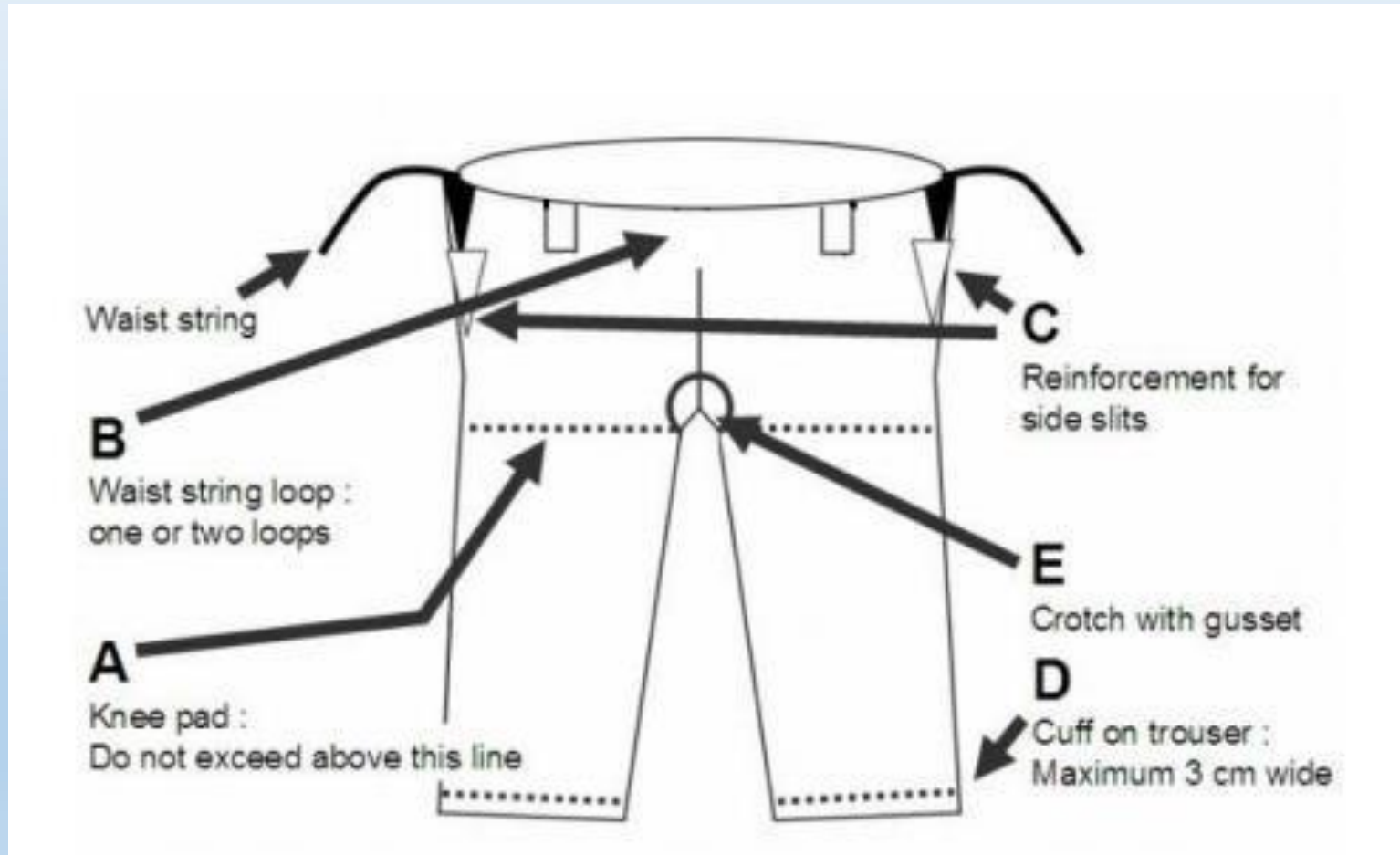


The height of the slit ends (side of the jacket) has to 1/3 to 1/2 of the lower part of the jacket

. 2c(2) Trouser

- Knee pad on the fabric back must use only one layer of the same fabric as the trouser. Knee pad must be placed lower than crotch part. (Fig. 14, part A)
- The waist string must certainly be equipped. The material must be the same fabric as the trouser. Elastic material such as rubber, etc is not allowed for string. Number of string loop must be one or two. (Fig. 14, part B)
- Reinforcement lining fabric for each side slit (waist part) is allowed to be used with the same fabric as trouser. (Fig. 14, part C)
- A cuff on a trouser (turn-back of the leg edge) must be within 3 cm wide except raised part (except protuberances). Thin tape fabric within 3cm wide is allowed to be used for covering. (Fig. 14, part D)
- Gusset must be stitched onto the crotch part. (Fig. 14, part E)
- Overlock stitch for fabric raw edge is allowed to prevent fray.

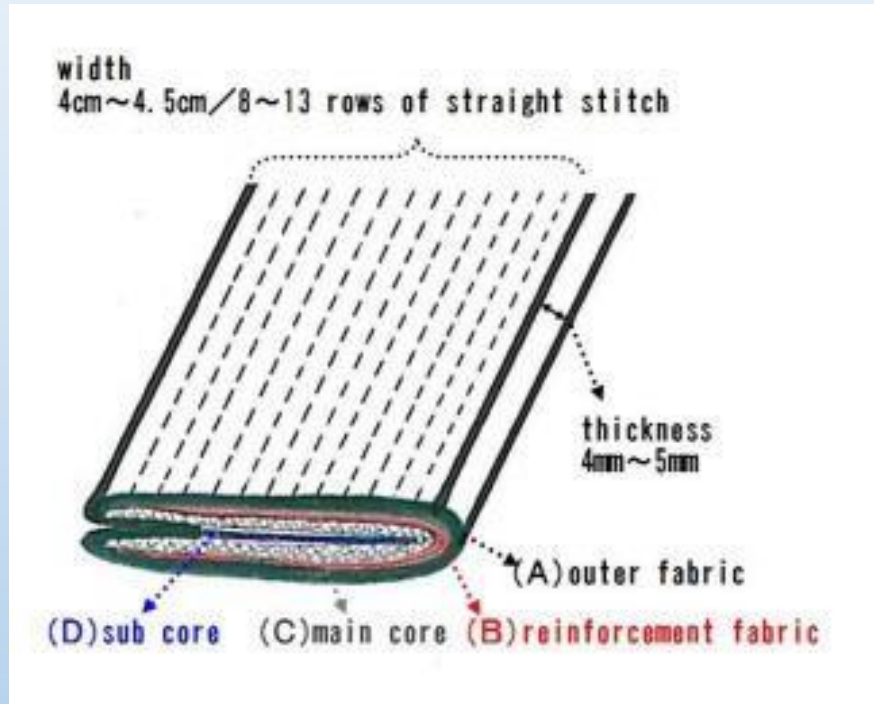
FIG. 14 TROUSERS



2c(3) Belt

- The belt of Yakhtak must use 100 % cotton fabric (A), The manufacturers must not produce such a belt as to be easily knot-loosen or broken, which can cause disturbance of the match.
- Main core material must be non-woven fabric. (must not be elastic materials such as rubber.)
- Reinforcement fabric (B) must be as specified in Fig. 15 using plain or twill weave with cotton yarn count 20/1 or lower. Sub core (D) is allowed to use as shown in Fig.15. Sub core material (center of the belt cross-section) must be the same as reinforcement fabric (B).
- The belt must be 4 to 4.5 cm wide (not 5)
- The belt must be sewn using at least 8-row but no more than 13-row of straight stitch.
- The thickness of the belt must be between 4 mm and 5 mm.

FIG. 15



Note :(D) Sub core is optional.

FIG 16

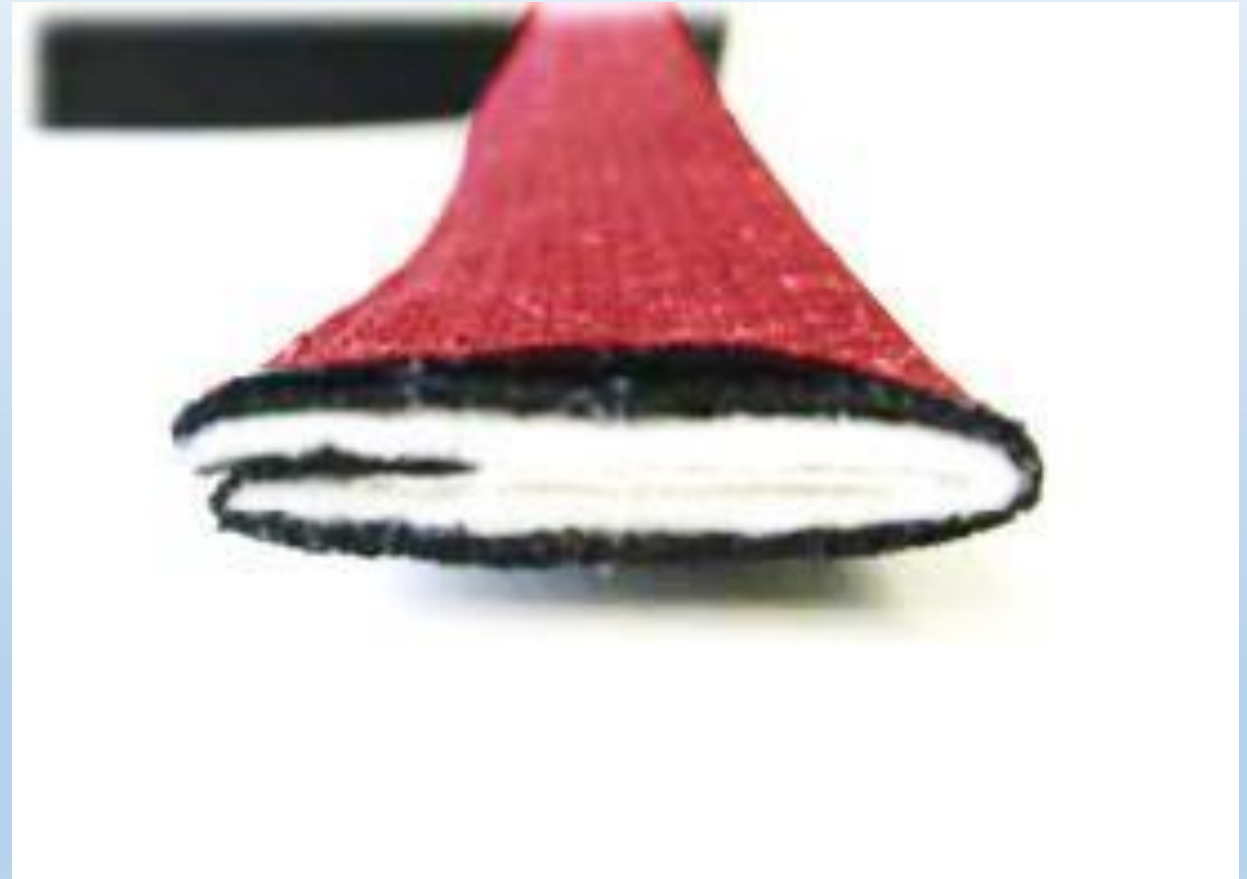


FIG. 17

As shown in the above photo, belt should have the flexibility (softness). When pushing belt by hand from the both ends toward knot, the belt knot must not be loosening. Belt using too hard or slippery materials, which is easy to have knot loosening, is not allowed.





SINGLE WEAVE YAKHTAK SIZE

FROM FT/CM	TO FT/CM	WEIGHT LB/KG	SIZE
-3'6"/106.7	-	-	0000
-4'/122	-	-	000
4'/122	4'4"/132	-	00
4'4"/132	4'6"/137	-	0
4'6"/137	4'9"/144.8	-	1
4'10"/147.3	5'3"/160	110/50	2
5'2"/157.5	5'7"/170	135-160/61-73	3
5'6"/167.6	5'11"/180.3	160-190/72-86	4
5'10"/177.8	6'3"/190.5	195-220/89-100	5
6'2"/188	6'6"/198.1	230-250/104-113	6
6'3"/190.5	6'7"/200.7	260+/118+	7
6'3"/190.5	6'7"/200.7	300-340/136-154	8

CARE AND SIZING INSTRUCTIONS

All Yakhtaks are preshrunk. However, this does not mean your yakhtak will not shrink. We recommend cold wash and hang dry; with this method your yakhtak will shrink only up to one inch. Do not bleach. If your height and weight fall into different size categories, we recommend you choose the larger one of two sizes. Items can be returned as long as they have not been washed or worn for practice.

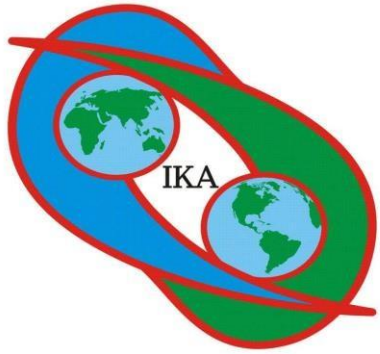


DOUBLE WEAVE YAKHTAK SIZE CHART

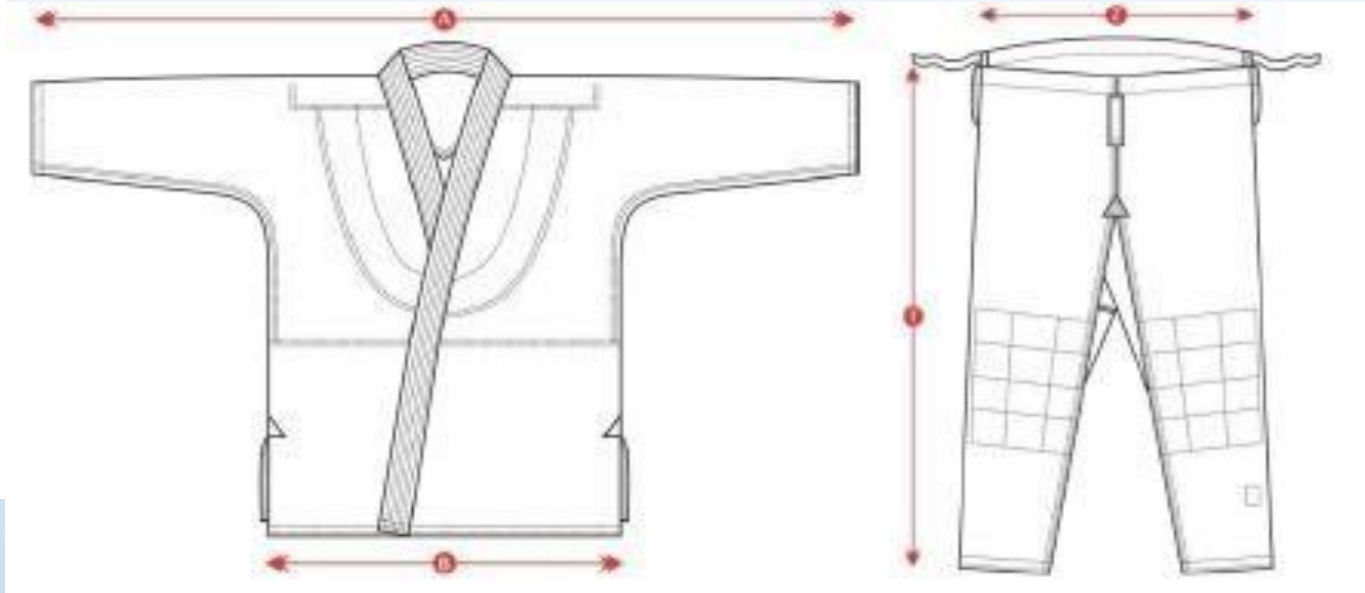
FROM FT/CM	TO FT/CM	WEIGHT LB/KG	SIZE
4'6''/137	4'9''/144.8	-	1
4'9''/144.8	5'2''/157.5	110/50	1.5
4'10''/147.3	5'3''/160	110/50	2
5'/152.4	5'4''/162.5	110-135/50-61	2.5
5'2''/157.5	5'7''/170	135-160/61-73	3
5'4''/162.5	5'9''/175.3	150-180/68-82	3.5
5'6''/167.6	5'11''/180.3	160-190/72-86	5
5'8''/172.7	6'1/185.4	175-205/79-93	4.5
5'10''/177.8	6'3''/190.5	195-220/89-100	5
6'/182.9	6'5''/195.6	210-240/105-109	5.5
6'2''/188	6'6''/198.1	230-250/104-113	6
6'2''/188	6'6''/198.1	240-260/109-118	6.5
6'3''/190.5	6'7''/200.7	260+/118+	7
6'3''/190.5	6'7''/200.7	300-340/136-154	8
6'3''/190.5	6'7''/200.7	350-400/158-181	9

CARE AND SIZING INSTRUCTIONS

All Yakhtaks are preshrunk. However, this does not mean your yakhtak will not shrink. We recommend cold wash and hang dry; with this method your yakhtak will shrink only up to one inch. Do not bleach. If your height and weight fall into different size categories, we recommend you choose the larger one of two sizes. Items can be returned as long as they have not been washed or worn for practice.

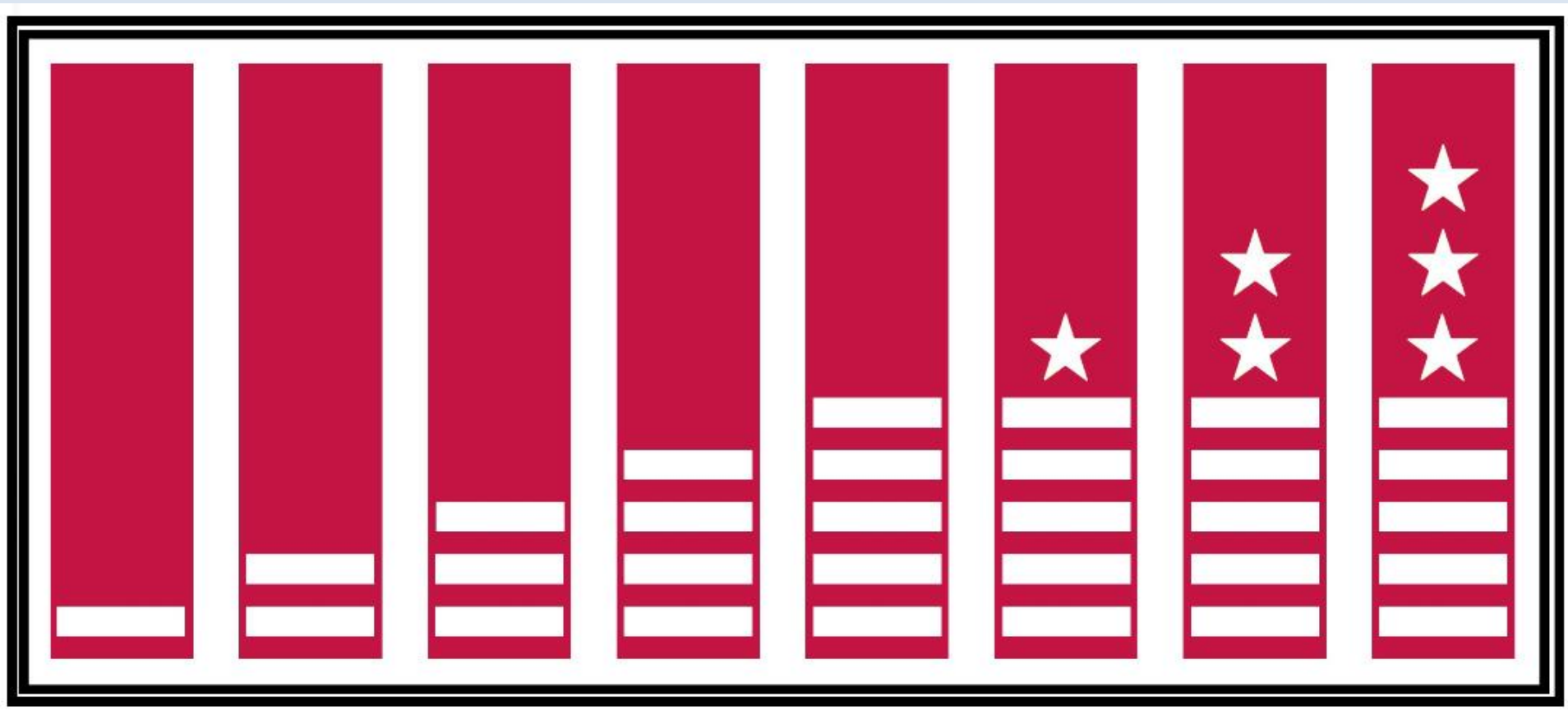


Size Chart Kurash Yakhtak Uniforms



Size	Body Size	Weight	A	B	T	Z
100	0,95-1,04m	15kg – 20kg	84	35	56	32
110	1,05m-1,14m	20kg – 25kg	94	38	62	35
120	1,15m-1,24m	25kg – 30kg	104	41	68	38
130	1,25m-1,34m	30kg – 35kg	114	44	74	41
140	1,35m-1,44m	35kg – 45kg	124	47	81	44
150	1,45m-1,54m	45kg – 55kg	134	50	87	47
160	1,55m-1,64m	55kg – 65kg	144	53	93	51

IKA BELT SYSTEM



Specification & Size

It's compulsory to have a minimum of 2 lines grade when you compete at IKA major Championships, without it you will not be registered and will not be able to participate.

